

Roll. No.

Question Booklet Number

O.M.R. Serial No.

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11

B.A. (SEM.-II) (NEP) EXAMINATION, 2022

ENGLISH

(English Poetry)

Paper Code

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**Question Booklet
Series**

B

Time : 1 : 30 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the Examinee :

1. Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
2. The booklet contains 100 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 75 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. If more than 75 questions are attempted by student, then the first attempted 75 questions will be considered for evaluation. All questions carry equal marks.
3. Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be got immediately replaced.

(Remaining instructions on last page)

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :

1. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 75 प्रश्नों को केवल दी गई OMR आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर नहीं। यदि छात्र द्वारा 75 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल किया जाता है तो प्रारम्भिक हल किये हुए 75 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकन हेतु सम्मिलित किया जाएगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR आन्सर-शीट को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गए हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गए हों या उसमें किसी अन्य प्रकार की कमी हो, उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

1. An "Essay on Man" by Alexander Pope is a/an :
 - (A) Philosophical Essay
 - (B) Philosophical Poem
 - (C) Epic Poem
 - (D) Fiction
2. How many lines are there in Miltonic Sonnet?
 - (A) 12
 - (B) 16
 - (C) 14
 - (D) 8
3. Thomas Gray was a _____ poet.
 - (A) Romantic
 - (B) Modern
 - (C) Victorian
 - (D) Transitional
4. "The aesthetical state is not any different from the ordinary state in our life."
Who is the speaker?
 - (A) Plato
 - (B) Arnold
 - (C) Aristotle
 - (D) I.A. Richards
5. What part of the church in Philip Larkin's poem will remain as a reminder of the church when the natural world takes over?
 - (A) Vestibule
 - (B) Pulpit
 - (C) Pews
 - (D) Buttress
6. Practical Criticism began in the 1920s by the Cambridge critic :
 - (A) I.A. Richards
 - (B) T.S. Eliot
 - (C) John Dryden
 - (D) W.B. Yeats
7. According to the speaker of the poem "Church Going", how does the roof of the church look so new?
 - (A) Its been blessed
 - (B) Its been restored
 - (C) It is cleaned
 - (D) He doesn't know
8. What is the form of the poem "Dover Beach"?
 - (A) Epic
 - (B) Pastoral
 - (C) Narrative
 - (D) Dramatic Monologue
9. The overall tone of the poem "Ode on a Grecian Urn" is :
 - (A) Good vs. Evil
 - (B) Love and Marriage
 - (C) War and Peace
 - (D) Admiring and Melancholy

10. "Beauty is truth, truth beauty, —— that is all Ye know on earth, and all ye need to know."
These are the concluding lines of which poem?
- (A) Presence in Absence
(B) The World Is Too Much With Us
(C) Ode on a Grecian Urn
(D) The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock
11. Which one is the representative poet of the Victorian Age?
- (A) Robert Browning
(B) Alfred Lord Tennyson
(C) Thomas Gray
(D) Matthew Arnold
12. "Know then thyself, presume not God to scan;
The proper study of mankind is man."
These are the opening lines of Alexander Pope's poem :
- (A) Essay on Man
(B) The Rape of the Lock
(C) The Dunciad
(D) None of the above
13. What is the subtitle of "Essay on Man" epistle II ?
- (A) Of the Nature and State of Man
(B) Politics and Religion
(C) Nature and Religion
(D) None of the above
14. William Wordsworth's "Lyrical Ballads" were published in the year :
- (A) 1898
(B) 1798
(C) 1717
(D) 1848
15. What is a "mute inglorious Milton" according to Thomas Gray?
- (A) A materialistic person
(B) A dumb person
(C) A person of great literary talents
(D) All of the above
16. What sort of a house will Yeats build at Innisfree in the poem "The Lake Isle of Innisfree"?
- (A) A brick house
(B) A wood house
(C) A sand house
(D) Clay and wood house
17. In the poem, "Break, Break, Break" Tennyson is lamenting the death of whom?
- (A) Wife
(B) Son
(C) Friend
(D) Parents

18. _____ are short, witty, and often satirical poems that usually take the form of a couplet or quatrain.
- (A) Limerick
 (B) Epigram
 (C) Concrete poems
 (D) Epitaph
19. Petrarch addressed his sonnets to a lady named :
- (A) Clara
 (B) Agnes
 (C) Laura
 (D) Nancy
20. The word 'sonnet' has been derived from the Italian word _____ meaning 'a little strain'.
- (A) Soneto
 (B) Sonneto
 (C) Sonnetto
 (D) Sonetto
21. John Donne was a _____ poet.
- (A) Elizabethan
 (B) Metaphysical
 (C) Neo-classical
 (D) Augustan
22. "The World Is Too Much With Us" is a sonnet by the English Romantic poet William Wordsworth. The poem was first published in the year :
- (A) 1802
 (B) 1801
 (C) 1807
 (D) 1805
23. In "The World Is Too Much With Us", Wordsworth :
- (A) Criticizes men absorbed in materialism
 (B) Criticizes men absorbed in politics
 (C) Criticizes men absorbed in evil pursuits
 (D) Feels blessed to enjoy the comforts of this world
24. The title of T.S. Eliot's poem, "The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock" is :
- (A) Satirical
 (B) Humorous
 (C) Ironical
 (D) Pathetic
25. Name the poet of the poem "Dover Beach":
- (A) John Keats
 (B) Alexander Pope
 (C) John Donne
 (D) Matthew Arnold

26. Which poetry is a lengthy and narrative work of poetry?
- (A) Elegy
(B) Ode
(C) Ballad
(D) Epic
27. Stressed and unstressed syllabic pattern in a verse or within the lines of a poem is called :
- (A) Metre
(B) Rhythm
(C) Rhyme
(D) Alliteration
28. A contrast between expectation and reality is called :
- (A) Alliteration
(B) Irony
(C) Soliloquy
(D) Oxymoron
29. Which one of the following is not the characteristic of Blank Verse?
- (A) No fixed number of lines
(B) Can be composed in any kind of meter
(C) Often used in reflective poems
(D) It is unrhymed and unmetrical
30. Which poetic form deals with the natural world, rural life and landscapes?
- (A) Ballad
(B) Elegy
(C) Ode
(D) Pastoral
31. Which poetry is written in fourteen lines?
- (A) Sonnet
(B) Ballad
(C) Elegy
(D) None of the above
32. A poem made up of tercets and concludes with a couplet is called :
- (A) Couplet
(B) Quintain
(C) Free Verse
(D) Terza Rima
33. Which poetic device is not based on the meaning of the words?
- (A) Alliteration
(B) Allusion
(C) Allegory
(D) Irony
34. Who is the author of the poem "How Do I Love Thee"?
- (A) Alfred Lord Tennyson
(B) Philip Larkin
(C) John Milton
(D) Elizabeth Barrett Browning

35. What does "T.S." stand for in T.S. Eliot's name?
- (A) Tucker Simandle
(B) Theodre Sammons
(C) Thomas Stearns
(D) Ted Samuel
36. "How Do I Love Thee" is a poem by :
- (A) Robert Browning
(B) Elizabeth Barrett Browning
(C) Alfred Lord Tennyson
(D) Matthew Arnold
37. How many children did Shakespeare had?
- (A) 4
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 1
38. Which college did Milton attend?
- (A) Cambridge
(B) London College
(C) American College
(D) Christs' College
39. The word "Caesura" means :
- (A) A pause
(B) Comparison
(C) Simile
(D) Anastrophe
40. "Love alters not with his brief hours and weeks, / But bears it out even to the edge of" what?
- (A) Doom
(B) Life
(C) Dawn
(D) Death
41. _____ refers to the pattern of long, stressed, and unstressed syllables in writing.
- (A) Rhythm
(B) Meter
(C) Structure
(D) Rhyme
42. Which is not a feature of Horatian Ode?
- (A) Calm and contemplative tone
(B) Named after the poet, Horace
(C) Comes from Greek Origin
(D) Made up of around two quatrains
43. Monostich is :
- (A) a one line stanza
(B) an entire poem
(C) a syllable
(D) both (A) and (B)

44. "Here rests his head upon the lap of earth
A youth to fortune and to fame unknown"
These lines occur in :
- (A) Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard
(B) Ode on a Grecian Urn
(C) Presence in Absence
(D) My Last Duchess
45. In the poem of W.B. Yeats, "Innisfree" is :
- (A) an island
(B) a sea
(C) a lake
(D) a pond
46. The timeline of the "Dover Beach" is of :
- (A) England during the early nineteenth century
(B) England during the late nineteenth century
(C) Australia during the mid–nineteenth century
(D) Italy during the late nineteenth century
47. Into how many broad parts is the Pindaric Ode divided?
- (A) Three parts
(B) Eight parts
(C) Six parts
(D) Four parts
48. _____ is made up of 7 iambic pentameter.
- (A) Rhyme
(B) Quatrain
(C) Rhyme Royal
(D) None of the above
49. What is meant by Prosody?
- (A) It is the science of verse forms
(B) It is the science of meters in poetry
(C) It is the science of stanza in poetry
(D) All of the above
50. When did William Shakespeare die?
- (A) April 23, 1616
(B) April 24, 1616
(C) April 25, 1613
(D) April 26, 1615
51. "They also serve who only stand and wait".
These lines happen to be in any one of following Milton's work :
- (A) To Lord General Fairfax
(B) On His Blindness
(C) To Lord General Cromwell
(D) Comus
52. Who is often known as England's National Poet?
- (A) William Shakespeare
(B) King Lear
(C) William Wordsworth
(D) John Keats

53. The first 26 sonnets of Shakespeare were addressed to :
- (A) A young man
(B) A dark lady
(C) Orphans
(D) Children
54. The next 28 sonnets of Shakespeare were addressed to :
- (A) A dark lady
(B) A young man
(C) Children
(D) An old friend
55. Sonnets, using the scheme pattern ababdcdefegg are known as :
- (A) Shakespearean sonnet
(B) English sonnet
(C) Elizabethan sonnet
(D) All of the above
56. In which year was William Shakespeare born?
- (A) 1562
(B) 1563
(C) 1564
(D) 1565
57. Who said about Milton ; "Thy soul was like a star and dwelt apart"?
- (A) Dr. Johnson
(B) Wordsworth
(C) Keats
(D) Arnold
58. "Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers", is an example of which Figure of Speech?
- (A) Oxymoron
(B) Alliteration
(C) Hyperbole
(D) Apostrophe
59. "It is the star to every wandering" what? Complete with the correct following word from the poem, "Let me not to the marriage of true minds" :
- (A) Magi
(B) Bark
(C) Sailor
(D) Crew
60. Milton's "On His Blindness" is a :
- (A) Love poem
(B) Social satire
(C) Political sonnet
(D) Religious sonnet

61. Allegories are abound with :
- (A) Irony
 - (B) Symbolism
 - (C) Satire
 - (D) Humour
62. The repetition of beginning consonant sounds is called :
- (A) Rhyme
 - (B) Alliteration
 - (C) Personification
 - (D) Simile
63. A stanza of four lines of iambic pentameter, rhyming abab, could be described as a :
- (A) Octave
 - (B) Quatrain
 - (C) Sestet
 - (D) Strophe
64. An epic is a poem :
- (A) written to praise a person, event or subject
 - (B) long narrative poem concerning a serious subject
 - (C) a musical song
 - (D) a lament which expresses gloomy thoughts
65. Poetic Devices based on the sound of words include :
- (A) Metaphor
 - (B) Irony
 - (C) Allusion
 - (D) Cacophony
66. How many English sonnets in all were written by Milton?
- (A) 18
 - (B) 14
 - (C) 17
 - (D) 19
67. William Shakespeare's sonnet sequence is comprised of _____ sonnets that were published in _____ .
- (A) 145, 1608
 - (B) 155, 1608
 - (C) 154, 1611
 - (D) 154, 1609
68. The word 'talent' in Milton's "On His Blindness" means :
- (A) Talent of speech
 - (B) Talent of admiration
 - (C) Talent of poetry
 - (D) Talent of listening

69. The first picture that the speaker sees on the urn in the poem "Ode on a Grecian Urn" is of :
- (A) Attic
(B) Cherry Orchard
(C) Ancient Greek Farmlands
(D) Men Chasing Women
70. Why does the speaker address the urn as 'Cold Pastoral' in "Ode on a Grecian Urn"?
- (A) Because of cold winter
(B) Because it illustrates an image of life in ancient Greek farmlands
(C) Because of indifference
(D) Because villagers are close to nature
71. The poets, who wrote during the _____ century under the impact of John Donne, are described as metaphysical poets.
- (A) 18
(B) 19
(C) 17
(D) 20
72. "O Attic Shape!". Identify the figure of speech used here :
- (A) Personification
(B) Apostrophe
(C) Metaphor
(D) Oxymoron
73. Which is not a characteristic of a Ballad?
- (A) It is a song that tells a story
(B) The beginning is often surprising
(C) The theme is often tragic and sad
(D) It is of various types such as personal, impersonal or pastoral
74. What does the 'Sea of Faith' in Arnold's "Dover Beach" symbolize?
- (A) Religion
(B) Unwavering belief
(C) Aegean sea
(D) World without hope
75. Which journal first published some of Eliot's poems?
- (A) Yale Review
(B) Jester of Columbia
(C) Dartmouth Jack O' Lantern
(D) Harvard Advocate
76. Which one does not comprise a Rhetorical Triangle?
- (A) Logos
(B) Locos
(C) Ethos
(D) Pathos

77. The central theme of the poem "Dover Beach" is :
- (A) Man, the natural world and loss of faith
- (B) Love
- (C) Nature and its impact on civilization
- (D) The poets' confession of his love
78. What is the tone of the poem "Dover Beach" by Matthew Arnold?
- (A) Enthusiastic
- (B) Optimistic
- (C) Pessimistic
- (D) Tranquil
79. Which of the following author–book pair is not correctly matched?
- (A) Keats - Ode on a Grecian Urn
- (B) Arnold - Church Going
- (C) Pope - Essay on Man
- (D) Tennyson - Break, Break, Break
80. Identify the meter in which the heroic couplet is written :
- (A) Iambic
- (B) Iambic tetrameter
- (C) Iambic hexameter
- (D) Iambic pentameter
81. "Let us go then, you and I,
When the evening is spread out against
the sky
Like a patient etherized upon a table,
- Let us go, through certain half-deserted
streets"
- These above lines occur in the composition of :
- (A) Tennyson
- (B) Gray
- (C) Browning
- (D) Eliot
82. The poem "The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock" was first published in 1915 at the request of which other poet?
- (A) Wallace Stevens
- (B) William Carlos
- (C) Carl Sandburg
- (D) Ezra Pound
83. In "Ode on a Grecian Urn", Keats says that "unheard melodies" are sweeter than those that are heard. He means :
- (A) Imagination is superior to the senses
- (B) Imagination and senses are intertwined
- (C) Old melodies are golden
- (D) Old vs. New
84. Which poetic form does reflect on death or loss?
- (A) Epic
- (B) Pastoral
- (C) Elegy
- (D) None of the above

85. What is the sonnet no. of Shakespeare's "Let me not to the marriage of true minds"?
- (A) 18
(B) 114
(C) 118
(D) 116
86. Inversion is also known as :
- (A) Strophe
(B) Epode
(C) Anastrophe
(D) None of the above
87. When we use repetition of vowel sounds, it is known as :
- (A) Euphemism
(B) Pun
(C) Anaphora
(D) Assonance
88. _____ is used to refer to a situation where the audience knows more about what's going on on-screen than the characters do.
- (A) Verbal irony
(B) Situational irony
(C) Dramatic irony
(D) Non-verbal irony
89. Unit of sound that construct words is :
- (A) Tone
(B) Rhyme
(C) Meter
(D) Syllables
90. "Paradise Lost" by John Milton is an _____ published in 1667, written in _____ .
- (A) ode; free verse
(B) epic; blank verse
(C) elegy; free verse
(D) epic; heroic couplet
91. The rhyme scheme of Milton's sonnet "On His Blindness" is :
- (A) abba abba cde cde
(B) abcd abcd efg efg
(C) abba cdcd ee ff gg
(D) abab bcbc dede ff
92. Which period is known as the Age of Milton?
- (A) 1625 - 1660
(B) 1685 - 1698
(C) 1625 - 1700
(D) 1658 - 1689
93. How many sonnets of Shakespeare were published altogether?
- (A) 150
(B) 154
(C) 158
(D) 162

94. A poem that is free from the limitations of a regular meter or rhythm and also does not rhyme with fixed forms is called _____ poetry.
- (A) Pastoral
(B) Free Verse
(C) Epic
(D) None of the above
95. At the end of the lines in a poem the similar sounding words are called :
- (A) Meter
(B) Rhythm
(C) Rhyme
(D) Alliteration
96. A short traditional and popular story in verse of unknown authorship is called :
- (A) Lyric
(B) Ballad
(C) Elegy
(D) Sonnet
97. "When I consider how my light is spent" - These lines are from :
- (A) Shakespearean Sonnet
(B) Miltonic Sonnet
(C) Petrarchan Sonnet
(D) Both (B) and (C)
98. The word 'satire' is derived from the _____ word *lanx satura*.
- (A) Greek
(B) British
(C) Latin
(D) American
99. Which one is untrue about Rhetoric?
- (A) The ideas should be presented in an impressive way
(B) One should control the motion of the rhetoric
(C) The rhetoric should use such words that can draw the picture in the mind of the listener
(D) Writer should not use examples to support his memory
100. Which one is the objective of practical criticism?
- (A) To encourage the students to concentrate "on the words on the page"
(B) To rely on preconceived beliefs about the text
(C) Inhibition
(D) None of the above

Rough Work

Example :

Question :

Q.1 (A) ● (C) (D)

Q.2 (A) (B) ● (D)

Q.3 (A) ● (C) (D)

4. Each question carries equal marks. Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
5. All answers are to be given on OMR Answer Sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
6. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
7. After the completion of the examination, candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Candidate can carry their Question Booklet.
8. There will be no negative marking.
9. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
10. To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager & cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
11. In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.

Impt. On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is any discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 (A) ● (C) (D)

प्रश्न 2 (A) (B) ● (D)

प्रश्न 3 (A) ● (C) (D)

4. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
5. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
6. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाये।
7. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी OMR Answer Sheet उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले जा सकते हैं।
8. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
9. कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
10. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैल्कुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
11. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्ण: प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।